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January 10, 2008

Office of the Legislative Auditor State of Louisiana 1600 North Third Street Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397

Attn: Suzanne Elliott, Engagement Manager

The accompanying audit reports for the year ended December 31, 2005 for St. Tammany Parish Hospital District No. 2 (d/b/a Slidell Memorial Hospital) (the "Hospital") have been revised to incorporate the effects of comments received from the Office of the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana. A summary of the revisions to the original submission is as follows:

- * Added the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Award
- * Added the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements
 Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in
 Accordance with OMB A-133

These reports were erroneously omitted from the original submission because it was management of the Hospital's belief that in audit in performed in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 was not required.

Dubitle & Towns LLP

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 2 13 08

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

REISSUE

Slidell Memorial Hospital

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Consolidated Financial Statements, and Additional Information as of and for the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, and Independent Auditors' Reports

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 2's (Slidell Memorial Hospital or "the Hospital") annual financial report presents background information and management's analysis of the Hospital's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on December 31, 2005. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements in this report.

HURRICANE KATRINA

The western eye of Hurricane Katrina passed over Slidell, LA on the morning of Monday, August 29, 2005. On Saturday, August 27, the Parish President ordered a mandatory evacuation. Hospital storm team staffing was activated on Saturday afternoon in accordance with the facility disaster plan policy. The SMH storm team provides adequate staffing for two 12-hour shifts to care for patients and operate support services. Based upon computer projections of likely storm surge and the fact Hurricane Katrina was a category 5 hurricane at decision-making time, Slidell Memorial Hospital discharged or transferred all but 12 patients until the arrival of tropical force storm conditions. In the interest of patient and employee safety the evacuation operations were terminated. Late Sunday afternoon SMH started taking on water from wind driven rain and incurring wind related damage as well. The hospital curtailed operations until the damage could be mitigated and a safe environment could be established. The hospital re-opened Monday midafternoon for new patients.

Although the hospital re-opened to provide service to the community, substantial damage was incurred to various areas of the hospital impairing the ability to perform complete patient services. Furthermore, the hospital lost public electricity, water and communications. The hospital operated at limited capability using emergency generators and water from a well on hospital property. SMH Founder's Building was the search and rescue triage station for the lower Slidell flood area. SMH employees and medical staff worked in the triage area with portable generators and no air conditioning throughout the week following the hurricane. SMH provided vaccinations to over 40,000 patients in the weeks following the storm.

In the post Katrina environment, hospitals in the region are challenged by a number of factors including a dramatic increase in uninsured patients, higher wages associated with workforce shortages in the disaster area and increased lengths of stay due to shortages of nursing homes and other post acute options including the fact approximately 5,000 homes were destroyed in the Slidell area leaving many patients with no where to go. The State of Louisiana's policies regarding uninsured patient care fundamentally fully funds the Charity Hospital system and provides no funding to non-state hospitals such as SMH that provide care to the uninsured. Prior to Katrina the State program did not fund over 50% of the uninsured care provided in St. Tammany Parish. Post Katrina, with the closure of Charity Hospital in New Orleans, non-state hospitals in St. Tammany Parish are providing over 80% of the uninsured care.

Management has worked with FEMA to recoup substantial disaster related expenses of over \$1.1 million. Management continues to work with FEMA on outstanding amounts due for unreimbursed damage related to Katrina. Management worked with the Board of Commissioners to receive a \$17.5 million FEMA Community Disaster Loan (CDL) in early 2006. The CDL will fund payroll and labor related costs during these uncertain times offsetting the negative cash flows resulting from the factors described above.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Net patient service revenue increased \$2.1 million or 2% from prior year due primarily to 0.7% growth in acute admissions and a 6% across-the-board price increase instituted on July 1, 2005. Operating expenses increased \$5.4 million or 6% from prior year due primarily to: (1) average labor force wage increase of 3% or \$1.1 million, (2) increased costs of operating room and cath lab implantable devices in the amount of \$1.0 million, (3) \$0.9 million investment in additional bedside nurse staffing ratios, (4) 38% growth in chemotherapy services resulting in \$0.9 million pharmacy cost increase as patients move from the physician office setting to the hospital for these services due to significant decreases in reimbursement for chemo infusion, (5) \$0.7 million contract labor increase and (6) paid time off conversion related costs of approximately \$0.5 million. As a result of storm related events and other operating events described above, the Hospital experienced a decrease in operating income of \$2,372,000 and a decrease in the excess of revenues over expenses of \$849,000 as compared to the fiscal year 2004.

The Hospital's total net assets increased by \$2.8 million or 7%, from the prior year. This results from the recognition of revenue in excess of expenses for the year of \$2.8 million. The assets of the Hospital exceeded liabilities at the close of the 2005 fiscal year by \$42 million. Of this amount, \$23 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to the Hospital District's patients and creditors, and \$16 million is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

2004 was the first full year of operations for the new competing 58 bed MedCath physician joint venture cardiology carve out facility. Management had presented a best case, expected case and worst case impact analysis to the Board of Commissioners. The impact on cardiology volumes proved to be close to the expected case scenario. The actual cardiology impact was within 2% of the sensitivity expected case scenario.

On October 4th, 2003 the voters of the service district passed a property tax to fund a \$22.45 million general obligation bond issue refinancing all three of the hospital revenue bond issues. The cash flow improvements associated with the general obligation issue did not manifest until the actual sale of the bonds during 2004. On March 31st, 2004 the hospital closed a refinancing of the first \$8.0 million of the 1994 bonds. Due to certain laws governing tax exempt bonds, the remaining general obligation bonds could not be sold until August 2004. By issuing general obligation bonds funded by property tax collections, the hospital's operating cash flow is relieved of bond-related debt service requirements. As a result of the general obligation issues, management anticipates an additional \$5.5 million per year in improved cash flow in 2005 and thereafter. Management anticipates using the improved cash flow to rebuild cash reserves and invest in hospital infrastructure and equipment.

In June 2005 after a public bid process, the hospital borrowed \$10 million from Iberia Bank with a 10 year term. These funds were earmarked for major facility upgrades such as the \$4.5 million renovation/reconstruction of the surgical ICU and creation of a new private cardiology unit on the second floor of the hospital. This unit is expected to open in July 2006. The balance is expected to be expended for similar strategic initiatives during 2006.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four components - the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Operating Results (this section), the Independent Auditors' Report, the Consolidated Financial Statements, and Supplementary Information.

The Consolidated Financial Statements of Slidell Memorial Hospital report the consolidated financial position of the Hospital and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows. The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. These statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the Hospital's activities.

The Consolidated Balance Sheet includes all of the Hospital's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to the Hospital's creditors (liabilities) for both the current year and the prior year. It also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the Hospital, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Hospital.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Consolidated Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets. This statement measures the performance of the Hospital's operations over the past two years and can be used to determine whether the Hospital has been able to recover all of its costs through its patient service revenue and other revenue sources.

The primary purpose of the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows is to provide information about the Hospital's cash from operations, investing, and financing activities. The cash flow statement outlines where the cash comes from, what the cash is used for, and the change in the cash balance during the reporting period.

The annual report also includes *Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements* that are essential to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the consolidated financial statements. The notes to the consolidated financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements in this report.

Following the notes to the consolidated financial statements is a section containing supplementary information that further explains and supports the information reported in the consolidated financial statements. This section includes optional schedules showing Gross Revenue and Expenses by Cost center as well as statistical information.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE HOSPITAL

The consolidated balance sheet and the consolidated statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net assets report information about the Hospital's activities. These two statements report the net assets of the Hospital and changes in them. Increases or improvements, as well as decreases or declines in the net assets, are one indicator of the financial state of the Hospital. Other non-financial factors that should also be considered include changes in economic conditions (including uninsured and working poor) and population growth.

Net Assets

A summary of the Hospital's balance sheets is presented in the following table:

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Dollar	Total %
	2005	2004	Change	Change
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 49,410	\$ 41,281	\$ 8,129	20 %
	46,775	41,839	4,936	12 %
Total assets	\$ 96,185	\$ 83,120	\$ 13,065	16 %
Long-term debt outstanding	\$ 37,850	\$ 30,877	\$ 6,973	23 %
Other liabilities	16,621	13,371	3,250	24 %
Total liabilities	\$ 54,471	\$ 44,248	\$ 10,223	23 %
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 15,917	\$ 16,177	\$ (260)	(2)%
Restricted	2,383	2,100	283	13 %
Unrestricted	23,414	20,595	2,819	14 %
Total net assets	\$ 41,714	\$ 38,872	\$ 2,842	7 %

Current and other assets increased 20% primarily associated with the \$8.8 million unexpended portion of the \$10.0 million Iberia loan proceeds. Capital assets increased 12% reflecting equipment upgrades such as the \$3.7 million Varian Linear Accelerator placed in service May 2005. Long term debt increased 23% primarily due to the \$10 million loan with Iberia Bank. Other liabilities increased 24% as a result of: (1) \$0.8 million increase in vendor payables post Katrina as the hospital held onto cash when collections were severely impaired, (2) \$0.8 million increase third party contractual liability to Medicare related to a cash advance from the fiscal intermediary, and (3) \$0.4 million increase in employee vested accrued paid time off associated with the conversion from the previous vacation, holiday, sick plan, and (4) also due to increased current portion of long term debt associated with the Iberia loan, Unrestricted net assets increased \$2.8 million or 14%.

Summary of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

The following table presents a summary of the Hospital's historical revenues and expenses for each of the fiscal years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004:

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2005	Fiscal Year 2004
Net patient service revenue Other operating revenue excluding interest income	\$ 97,618 2,373	\$ 95,533 2,149
Total operating revenues	99,991	97,682
Operating expenses before depreciation/amortization	92,064	86,668
Earnings before interest depreciation and amortization (EBIDA)	7,927	11,014
Depreciation and amortization expense	5,744	6,459
Operating net income	2,183	4,555
Non-operating revenues (expenses): Interest income Interest expense Property tax revenue Expenses associated with debt restructuring and tax referendum	750 (1,643) 1,552	342 (1,987) 2,100 (1,319)
Revenues in excess of expenses	2,842	3,691
Total net assets - beginning of year	38,872	<u>35,181</u>
Total net assets - end of year	\$ 41,714	\$ 38,872

The following table represents the relative percentage of gross charges billed for patient services by payer for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004:

	Fiscal Year 2005	Fiscal Year 2004
Medicare	40.2 %	38.8 %
Medicaid	7.2 %	9,9 %
Managed care and commercial insurance	45.4 %	45.3 %
Uninsured	7.2 %	6.0 %
Total gross charges	100.0 %	100.0 %

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The following summarizes the Hospital's Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets between 2005 and 2004:

- During 2005, the Hospital had 8,379 inpatient admissions. This is a decrease of 0.3% from fiscal year 2004. Prior to Hurricane Katrina, SMH was on track for 6% growth in admissions with a favorable payer mix.
- Outpatient registrations were 62,421 in 2005. This is a decrease of 2.5% from fiscal year 2004. Again outpatient registrations were adversely impacted by Hurricane Katrina.
- Emergency registrations were 24,787 in 2005, which is within 50 patients of 2004. However, the number of uninsured emergency patients increased dramatically after Hurricane Katrina.
- Net patient service revenue increased \$2.1 million or 2.2% from prior year. Before the storm event, the hospital was on a significantly greater growth trend.
- Salaries and wages increased 12% primarily due to the following large items: (1) average labor force wage increase of 3% or \$1.1 million, (2) \$0.9 million investment in additional bedside nurse staffing ratios, (3) \$0.7 million contract labor cost increase, (4) paid time off conversion related costs of approximately \$0.5 million and (5) labor costs incurred associated with Hurricane Katrina.
- Supplies and materials increased approximately 13% compared to 2004 reflecting two primary large items: (1) increased costs of operating room and cath lab implantable devices in the amount of \$1.0 million, (2) 38% growth in chemotherapy services resulting in \$0.9 million pharmacy cost increase as patients move from the physician office setting to the hospital for these services due to significant decreases in physician reimbursement for chemotherapy infusion.
- Net non-operating expenses of \$1,319,000 were incurred in 2004 related to the Hospital's debt
 refinancing efforts. These include (1) revenue bond redemption premiums of \$437,000 and (2)
 accelerated amortization of \$882,000 in unamortized issuance cost of the revenue bonds refinanced
 with the general obligation bonds during 2004.

PERFORMANCE AGAINST BUDGET

	FY 2005 Budget	FY 2005 Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
Revenues: Net patient service revenue Other operating revenue	\$ 99,503 2,314	\$ 97,618 2,373	\$ (1,885) 59
Total revenues	101,817	99,991	(1,826)
Operating expenses: Salaries, wages and benefits Supplies and other Professional and contractual services	47,631 31,846 10,832	48,979 32,173 10,912	(1,348) (327) (80)
Total operating expenses before depr/amort	90,309	92,064	(1,755)
EBIDA	11,508	7,927	(3,581)
Interest income Interest expense Depreciation and amortization Non-operating expenses, net	358 (1,550) (6,440) 1,394	750 (1,643) (5,744) 1,552	392 (93) 696 158
Excess of revenues over expenses	5,270	2,842	(2,428)
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$ 5,270	\$ 2,842	\$ (2,428)

CAPITAL ASSETS

	FY 2005	FY 2004	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Land and land improvements Building and leasehold improvements Equipment Subtotal	\$ 4,675 63,989 55,994 124,658	\$ 4,675 62,207 47,966 114,848	\$ - 1,782 8,028 9,810	- % 3 % <u>17</u> % 9 %
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(77,883)	(73,009)	(4,874)	7 %
Net capital assets	\$ 46,775	\$ 41,839	<u>\$</u> 4,936	12 %

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Hospital's Board and Management considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2006 budget. Of primary importance in setting the 2006 budget is the status of the economy, which takes into account market forces and environmental factors such as:

- Post Hurricane Katrina challenges such as: (1) dramatic increases of uninsured patient loads, (2)
 Medicare length of stay due to loss of home and institutional discharge placement infrastructure, (3)
 work force shortage and resulting wage inflation, and (4) the stability of the workforce during the 2006 hurricane season.
- Increased competition in the marketplace in the form of physician investor carve out hospitals
 including a new surgical specialty hospital that opened in November 2005 designed to cherry pick
 profitable patients.
- Medicare reimbursement changes and reductions
- Medicaid reimbursement reductions
- Cost of implantable devices without adequate reimbursement
- Cost of drugs without adequate reimbursement
- Access to free cash flow for needed replacement investment
- Increased compliance costs due to HIPAA regulations

CONTACTING THE HOSPITAL FINANCIAL MANAGER

This Financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Hospital's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Chief Financial Officer, Slidell Memorial Hospital, 1001 Gause Blvd. Slidell, LA 70458.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Board of Commissioners of St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 2:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 2 (d/b/a Slidell Memorial Hospital) (the "Hospital") as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related consolidated statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of Slidell Memorial Hospital's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Slidell Memorial Hospital at December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 8 is not a required part of the basic consolidated financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This supplementary information is the responsibility of the Slidell Memorial Hospital's management. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and we do not express an opinion on it.

As discussed in Note 12 to the financial statements, Hurricane Katrina stuck the greater New Orleans area on August 29, 2005 and impacted the Hospital and its operations.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2006, on our consideration of Slidell Memorial Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

March 30, 2006

Deloitte + Touche LLP

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

	2005	2004
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Patient accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts	\$ 11,061,474	\$ 10,379,605
of \$7,502,807 in 2005 and \$7,908,488 in 2004, respectively	17,014,852	15,179,996
Assets whose use is limited—required for current liabilities	1,091,523	939,657
Inventories	2,136,240	1,971,553
Prepaid expenses and other receivables	3,108,503	1,115,242
Total current assets	34,412,592	29,586,053
ASSETS WHOSE USE IS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED:		
By board or under agreements for capital improvements and debt service	14,437,747	11,524,273
By donors	34,288	29,185
By board designated for workers compensation claims	350,000	
Total assets whose use is limited or restricted	14,822,035	11,553,458
CAPITAL ASSETS:		
Land and improvements	4,675,583	4,675,583
Buildings	62,639,030	62,206,609
Equipment	55,993,373	47,965,563
Construction in process	1,349, 805 (77,883,288)	/72 000 EPEL
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(73,008,586)
Capital assets—net	46,774,503	41,839,169
OTHER ASSETS	176,079	141,587
TOTAL	\$ 96,185,209	\$ 83,120,267
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Trade accounts payable	\$ 4,843,415	\$ 3,959,286
Salaries, wages, and benefits payable	1,545,538	1,314,382
Accrued vacation payable	1,835,702	1,397,126
Accrued interest and other expenses	2,746,313	2,946,671
Amounts due to third-party payors	2,129,803	1,368,575
Amounts due within one year on capital lease obligations Amounts due within one year on bonds	1,855,263	1,850,152
Amounts due within one year on notes payable and hospital indebtedness	750,000 915,000	365,000 170,000
Announce one within one year on notes payable and newprint independences	213,000	
Total current liabilities	16,621,034	13,371,192
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS—Less amounts due within one year	6,879,955	8,241,879
BONDS—Less amounts due within one year	21,205,000	21,955,000
NOTES PAYABLE—Less amounts due within one year	9,765,000	680,000
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 6 and 9)		
NET ASSETS:		
Invested in capital assets-pet of related debt	15,917,042	16,177,138
Restricted for debt service and workers compensation	2,382,806	2,100,038
Unrestricted	23,414,372	20,595,020
Total net assets	41,714,220	38,872,196
TOTAL	\$ 96,185,209	\$ 83,120,267

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

	2005	2004
REVENUE:		
Net patient service revenue (Note 4)	\$ 97,618,168	\$ 95,533,078
Other revenue	2,372,930	2,148,585
Total revenue	99,991,098	97,681,663
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Salaries and wages	39,942,036	35,553,138
Employee benefits	9,036,924	9,155,974
Supplies and materials	21,790,651	19,260,896
Other direct expenses	10,381,603	10,359,244
Professional fees	6,963,285	6,555,819
Purchased services	3,948,957	5,782,524
Depreciation and amortization	5,744,443	<u>6,458,995</u>
Total expenses	97,807,899	93,126,590
OPERATING INCOME	2,183,199	4,555,073
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest income	749,921	341,620
Interest expense	(1,643,229)	(1,986,621)
Property tax revenue	1,552,133	2,100,000
Expenses related to debt restructuring and related referendums		(1,318,829)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	658,825	(863,830)
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS	2,842,024	3,691,243
NET ASSETS—Beginning of year	38,872,196	35,180,953
NET ASSETS—End of year	\$ 41,714,220	\$ 38,872,196

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

	2005	2004
OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from patient services	\$ 96,544,540	\$ 98,018,229
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees	(48,309,228)	(44,253,179)
Cash paid for supplies and services	(43,244,476)	(42,797,384)
Cash received from FEMA	1,181,944	
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,172,780	10,967,666
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of capital assets	(11,472,873)	(3,210,554)
Principal payments on long-term debt and capital lease obligations	(2,005,551)	(28,426,793)
Dedicated property tax revenue received	2,184,647	
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	10,000,000	22,320,000
Payment of deferred financing costs		(146,458)
Premium paid on advance refunding	/1 70E 101\	(436,700)
Interest payments	(1,725,191)	(1,778,689)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Other—net	141,280	336,445
Other—net	**************************************	(148,254)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related		
financing activities	(2,877,688)	(11,491,003)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
(Increase) decrease in assets whose use is limited or restricted	(3,420,443)	4,997,213
Interest earned on investments	807,220	368,585
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(2,613,223)	5,365,798
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	681,869	4,842,461
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS—Beginning of year	10,379,605	5,537,144
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS—End of year	\$ 11,061,474	\$ 10,379,605
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET		
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating income	\$ 2,183,199	\$ 4,555,073
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:	c = 11 110	
Depreciation and amortization	5,744,443	6,458,995
Loss on sale of capital assets Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	41,249	61,577
Patient accounts receivable	(1,834,856)	2,070,326
Inventories and other operating assets	(2,157,948)	2,070,326 369,678
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,196,693	(2,547,983)
• •		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 6,172,780	\$ 10,967,666

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization—St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 2 (the "District"), d/b/a Slidell Memorial Hospital (the "Hospital"), is a nonprofit corporation organized as a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana as established in Act 180 of the 1984 Regular Session of the Legislature and as amended by Act 999 of the 1991 Regular Session of the Legislature, Act 570 of the 1992 Regular Session of the Legislature, Act 440 of the 1997 Regular Session of the Legislature, and Act 562 of the 2003 Regular Session of the Legislature. Act 562 created a nominating committee to solicit, interview, and make nominations for appointment to the Board of Commissioners. The legislation sets forth an appointing authority of the District, which is a cross-section of representatives of city, parish, and state government bodies. The appointing authority appoints the Board of Commissioners from the nominations put forth by the nominating committee. The St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 2 Board of Commissioners (the "Board") is authorized to oversee the assets and govern the operations of the Hospital.

Principles of Consolidation—The consolidated financial statements include the accounts and transactions of the Hospital and its member organizations, Slidell Memorial Health Foundation, Inc. ("SMH Foundation"), SMH Physician Practice Services, Inc. ("Physician Practice Services"), and Slidell Radiation Center, Inc. ("SRC"). All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Basis of Accounting.—The Hospital utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds. Under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement ("GASBS") No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Activities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Hospital has elected not to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

Income Tax Status—The Hospital is exempt from federal income tax under both Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code as a governmental entity and Section 501(a) as a hospital organization as described in Section 501(c)(3). The exemption from federal income taxes also extends to state income taxes. SMH Foundation has been designated as a not-for-profit organization described in Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and is exempt from federal income taxation under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(a). Physician Practice Services and SRC are taxable not-for-profit corporations.

Net Patient Service Revenue and Related Receivables—Net patient service revenue and the related accounts receivable are reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered. The Hospital provides care to patients even though they may lack adequate insurance or may be covered under contractual arrangements that do not pay full charges. As a result, the Hospital is exposed to certain credit risks. The Hospital manages such risk by regularly reviewing its accounts and contracts, and by providing appropriate allowances. Beginning in 2005, provisions for bad debts are reported as offsets to net patient service revenues consistent with reporting practices for governmental entities. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets for 2004 has been restated to provide consistency in reporting between years (see Note 4).

Medicare and Medicaid Reimbursement Programs—The Hospital is reimbursed under the Medicare Prospective Payment System ("PPS") for acute care inpatient services provided to Medicare beneficiaries and is paid a predetermined amount for these services based, for the most part, on the Diagnosis Related Group ("DRG") assigned to the patient. In addition, the Hospital is paid prospectively for Medicare inpatient capital costs based on the federal specific rate. The Hospital qualifies as a disproportionate share provider under the Medicare regulations. As such, the Hospital receives an additional payment for Medicare inpatients served. Except for Medicare disproportionate share reimbursement and Medicare bad debts, there is no retroactive settlement for inpatient costs under the Medicare inpatient prospective payment methodology.

The Hospital is paid a prospective per diem rate for Medicaid inpatients. The per diem rate is based on a peer grouping methodology which assigns a per diem rate to each hospital in the peer group.

Medicaid outpatient services (excluding ambulatory surgery and clinical lab), and Medicare bad debts are reimbursed on a cost basis. Outpatient services rendered to Medicare beneficiaries are reimbursed by the Outpatient Prospective Payment System ("OPPS") which establishes a number of Ambulatory Payment Classifications ("APC") for outpatient procedures in which the Hospital is paid a predetermined amount per procedure. Medicare and Medicaid outpatient clinical lab and Medicaid ambulatory surgery services are reimbursed based upon the respective fee schedules.

Retroactive cost settlements based upon annual cost reports are estimated for those programs subject to retroactive settlement and recorded in the consolidated financial statements. Final determination of retroactive cost settlements to be received under the Medicare and Medicaid regulations is subject to review by program representatives. The difference between a final settlement and an estimated settlement in any year is reported as an adjustment of net patient service revenue in the year the final settlement is made.

Cash and Cash Equivalents—Cash and cash equivalents are recorded at fair value. The Hospital reports short-term, highly liquid investments (that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and mature within three months or less from date of purchase) as cash equivalents, excluding amounts classified as assets whose use is limited or restricted on the consolidated balance sheets. As of December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Hospital's cash, cash equivalents, and certificates of deposit were entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by its agent in the Hospital's name.

Assets Whose Use is Limited or Restricted—Assets whose use is limited or restricted consists of investments reported at fair value with gains and losses included in the consolidated statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net assets.

Inventories — Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

Capital Assets—Land, buildings, and equipment acquisitions are recorded at cost except for assets donated to the Hospital. Donated assets are recorded at the fair value of the assets at the date of donation. Depreciation of buildings and equipment is computed using the straight-line method in amounts sufficient to amortize the cost of these assets over their estimated useful lives.

Equipment held under capital lease obligations has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Amortization of leased assets is included in depreciation and amortization expense.

Other Assets—Other assets consists of the unamortized portion of debt issuance costs. Cumulative amortization was \$16,970 and \$4,180 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Employee Health and Workers' Compensation Insurance—The Hospital is self-insured for hospitalization and workers' compensation claims. Estimated amounts for claims incurred but not reported are calculated based on claims experience and, together with unpaid claims, are included in accrued interest and other expenses on the consolidated balance sheets.

Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets—All revenues and expenses directly related to the delivery of health care services are included in operating revenues and expenses in the statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net assets. Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from nonexchange transactions or investment income.

Property Tax Revenues—As a result of a voter referendum in 2003, the Hospital began receiving dedicated property tax revenues in 2004 in amounts sufficient to fund annual debt maturities of the general obligation bonds and related interest costs (see Note 7). Such revenues are considered nonoperating in the accompanying statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net assets. Unexpended property tax revenues are accumulated in a restricted fund and are used exclusively for debt service.

Use of Estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The determination of the allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable and amounts estimated to be recovered from third party payors are particularly sensitive estimates subject to change.

Net Assets—In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement ("GASBS")
No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, net assets are classified into three components—invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debi—This component of net assets consists of capital
 assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the
 outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to
 the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted—This component of net assets consists of constraints placed on net asset use through
 external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors,
 or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional
 provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted—This component of net assets consists of net assets that do not meet the definition
 of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

2. ASSETS WHOSE USE IS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED

The terms of the Hospital's bond issues require certain funds to be maintained on deposit with the trustee. The funds on deposit with the trustee and funds designated by the Board for capital improvements as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, were as follows:

	2005	2004
Current assets—under bond indenture:		
Dedicated property tax revenue	\$ 1,091,523	\$ 939,657
Total	\$ 1,091,523	\$ 939,657
Noncurrent assets—under bond indenture:		
Dedicated property tax revenue Funds held for facility improvements	\$ 941,283 8.817.898	\$ 1,160,381
Equipment acquisition funds related to municipal leases	1,014,859	6,750,000
By board—designated for capital improvements	3,663,707	3,613,892
By board—designated for workers compensation claims	350,000	
By donors	34,288	29,185
Total	\$14,822,035	\$11,553,458

Statutes authorize the Hospital to invest in direct obligations of the U.S. Government, certificates of deposit of state banks and national banks having their principal office in the State of Louisiana, and any other federally insured investments, guaranteed investment contracts issued by a financial institution having one of the two highest rating categories published by Standard & Poor's or Moody's, and mutual or trust fund institutions registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (provided the underlying investments of these funds meet certain restrictions). At December 31, 2005, the Hospital had investments in obligations of U.S. Agencies with a fair value of \$3,403,040. Such obligations mature between December 2007 and July, 2008 and carry a "AAA" credit rating from the applicable rating agencies. The Hospital manages the interest rate risk in the portfolio by keeping maturities under five years and adhering to the State's credit quality restrictions. Also included in assets whose use is limited is \$11,040,518 of cash deposits and money market investments which amounts were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Hospital's name.

During fiscal 2001, the Board granted management discretion to utilize for other operating purposes those funds designated for capital improvements. Management has continued to maintain these funds in a separate trust account and treat them as internally designated funds.

3. THIRD-PARTY PAYOR ARRANGEMENTS

The Hospital participates in the Medicare and Medicaid programs as a provider of medical services to program beneficiaries. During the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, approximately 47% and 49%, respectively, of the Hospital's gross patient service charges were derived from services provided to Medicare and Medicaid program beneficiaries. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation. The Hospital believes that it is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and is not aware of any pending or threatened investigations involving allegations of potential wrongdoing. While no such regulatory inquiries have

been made, compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as significant regulatory action including fines, penalties, and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

Revenue derived from the Medicare program is subject to audit and adjustment by the fiscal intermediary and must be accepted by the United States Department of Health and Human Services before settlement amounts become final. Revenue derived from the Medicaid program is subject to audit and adjustment and must be accepted by the State of Louisiana, Department of Health and Hospitals before the settlement amounts become final. The fiscal intermediary has completed its review of estimated Medicare settlements for fiscal years ended through December 31, 2002, and Medicaid settlements for fiscal years ended through December 31, 2000. Annually, management evaluates the recorded estimated settlements and adjusts these balances based upon the results of the intermediary's audit of filed cost reports and additional information becoming available. Although the fiscal intermediary has not completed its audits of the estimated settlements for the years ended December 31, 2003 through December 31, 2005, for Medicare and December 31, 2001 through December 31, 2005, for Medicaid, the Hospital does not anticipate significant adverse adjustments to the recorded settlements for those years.

The Hospital has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers and managed care organizations. The basis for payment to the Hospital under these arrangements includes prospectively determined daily rates and discounts from established charges.

4. NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE AND RESTATEMENT

Net patient service revenue for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, was as follows:

	2005	2004
Gross patient service revenue:		
Medicare	\$ 149,888,434	\$134,175,013
Medicaid	26,715,435	34,291,142
Managed care/commercial	170,529,586	157,679,455
Self pay/uninsured	26,925,541	20,729,665
Total	374,058,996	346,875,275
Contractual adjustments	(250,246,334)	(231,929,433)
Charity care	(12,401,054)	\$ (9,145,789)
Provisions for bad debts	(13,793,440)	(10,266,975)
Total	\$ 97,618,168	\$ 95,533,078

In 2004 and prior years, the Hospital reported net patient service revenue before consideration of the provision for bad debts, which amount was reported as an operating expense consistent with reporting practices prevalent in the health care industry. During 2004, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants issued guidance clarifying that the accounting standards promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board required that revenues be reported net of discounts and allowances and therefore, amounts previously reported separately as provision for bad debts should be reported as a component of net patient service revenue. The Hospital adopted this method of reporting in 2005 and restated the presentation of the 2004 consolidated statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets to reduce net patient revenue and operating expenses by \$10,266,975, the amount of the provision

for bad debts. This restatement had no affect on the operating income, balance sheet or cash flows of the Hospital.

5. COMMUNITY BENEFITS

As a community health care provider, the Hospital's stated mission is "To Improve the Quality of Life in our Community." As such, total revenue includes that revenue generated from direct patient care, rentals from various medical office buildings, and sundry revenue related to the operation of the Hospital and its member organizations.

The Hospital provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Because the Hospital does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue. Charity care provided during the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, measured at established rates, totaled \$12,401,054 and \$9,145,789 respectively; there were no government subsidies in either year.

In addition, the Hospital sponsors or participates in numerous activities to benefit the community. Many of these activities are sponsored with the knowledge that they will not be self-supporting or financially viable. The Hospital has conducted a Community Health Assessment to identify health risks in the community. Through this research, the Hospital has developed wellness and prevention programs that target these high-risk areas for a healthier community.

Annually, the Hospital sponsors several health fairs and programs regarding such issues as diabetes, breast cancer, prostate cancer, smoking cessation, nutrition, exercise, cardiology, women's health, parenting skills, development topics, etc., to provide the community access to health-related information. Also, the Hospital provides health screening at no cost or a reduced cost to the community. Some health screenings include prostate cancer, cholesterol, colorectal, skin cancer, glucose, and thyroid screenings.

The Hospital encourages its employees to volunteer for charitable organizations and to participate in fund-raising activities and, in some cases, pays employees to perform public services such as health screenings. In addition, the Hospital aided various community service organizations through donations and sponsorships.

6. LEASES

The Hospital leases medical and administrative equipment under operating leases with terms that vary from month-to-month to five years. Total rental expense included in other direct expenses on the consolidated statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net assets was \$1,183,412 and \$1,050,576 for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

The Hospital also leases medical equipment under lease agreements accounted for as capital lease obligations in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 13, Accounting for Leases. These capital lease obligations expire at various dates through 2010. The capital asset balances on the consolidated balance sheets include equipment under capital lease obligations of \$10,636,267 and \$4,934,374, less accumulated amortization of \$3,339,757 and \$2,192,139 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. In addition, equipment acquisition funds have been set aside in assets whose use is limited or restricted amounting to \$1,014,859 related to Louisiana municipal leases negotiated in late 2005 but unfunded at December 31, 2005. Such municipal leases are included in the capital leases set forth below. Such amounts are scheduled for expenditure in 2006. During the years ended December 31.

2005 and 2004, the Hospital entered into new capitalized leases amounting to approximately \$182,315 and \$9.45 million, respectively, for equipment purchases.

The future minimum lease payments at December 31, 2005, for noncancelable leases are as follows:

	(Operating Leases	Capital Leases
2006	\$	644,141	\$ 2,192,412
2007 2008		326,060 300,833	2,111,634 1,775,271
2009		275,535	1,341,968
2010 Thereafter		210,950	1,063,531 1,250,749
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,757,519	9,735,565
Amounts representing imputed interest (interest rates range from 3.9% to 5.67%)			1,000,347
Present value of capital lease obligations (including \$1,855,263 classified as amounts due within one year)			\$ 8,735,218

The Hospital leases space to physicians through a combination of cancelable and noncancelable lease agreements. Rental income earned under these agreements was \$1,249,271 and \$1,261,300 for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

The future minimum lease payments to be received from noncancelable lease agreements at December 31, 2005, are as follows:

Years Ending December 31	Operating Leases
2006	\$1,402,136
2007	1,099,644
2008	924,684
2009	581,141
2010	424,649
Thereafter	113,245
Total	<u>\$4,545,499</u>

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

The details and balances of long-term debt at December 31, 2005 and 2004, are presented below:

	2005	2004
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004A, described in detail below (\$290,000 due in 2006)	\$ 7,985,000	\$ 8,000,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004B, described in detail below (\$425,000 due in 2006)	12,790,000	13,115,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004C, described in detail below (\$35,000 due in 2006)	1,180,000	1,205,000
Hospital Indebtedness, Series 2005, described in detail below (\$745,000 due in 2006)	10,000,000	
Notes payable to physicians, 7% (\$170,000 due in 2006)	680,000	850,000
	32,635,000	23,170,000
Less amounts due within one year according to terms of debt instruments	1,665,000	535,000
Total	\$30,970,000	\$22,635,000

The following table for the year ended December 31, 2005, summarizes the changes in long-term debt:

Balance of long-term debt at December 31, 2004	\$ 23,170,000
Less repayment of bonds and notes payable Add issuance of hospital indebtedness obligations	(535,000) 10,000,000
Balance of long-term debt at December 31, 2005	\$ 32,635,000

Refinancing—In October 2003, the voters of St. Tammany Parish approved a referendum authorizing the Hospital to issue up to \$22.45 million of general obligation bonds in 2004 which would be secured by the pledge of dedicated property tax millages set annually at rates sufficient to fund principal maturities and interest on the related bonds. The Hospital issued three series of general obligation bonds in 2004 to refinance the balances of 1994, 1996, and 1999 revenue bonds. In connection with the refinancing, the Hospital incurred a loss of \$1,318,829 consisting of redemption premiums of \$436,700 related to calling the revenue bonds prior to their original maturities and \$882,129 related to writing off the remaining balance of unamortized bond issuance costs which arose from the original issuance of the revenue bonds.

General Obligation Bonds—On March 31, 2004, the Hospital issued \$8 million in General Obligation Bonds with a interest rates ranging from 2% to 5% to advance refund \$9.24 million of outstanding Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 1994. The net proceeds of \$7.9 million (after payment of underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$1.99 million of existing sinking fund and debt service reserve monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were

deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the portion of the 1994 bonds until the bonds were advance refunded on October 4, 2004.

On July 29, 2004, the Hospital issued \$13.115 million in General Obligation Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.125% to 6% to advance refund the remaining \$14.16 million of outstanding 1994 Revenue Bonds and all of the \$691,885 outstanding Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 1996. The net proceeds of \$13 million (after payment of underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$2.5 million of existing sinking fund and debt service reserve monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1994 bonds until the amount were advance refunded on October 4, 2004. The entire amount of the Series 1996 Bonds were refunded on July 29, 2004.

On July 29, 2004, the Hospital issued \$1.205 million in General Obligation Bonds with interest rates ranging from 5.8% to 8% to advance refund \$2.2 million of outstanding 1999 Revenue Bonds. The net proceeds of \$1.2 million (after payment of underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$1 million of existing debt service reserve monies were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the advance refunding on July 29, 2004.

Interest on the general obligation bonds is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year. The bonds mature in annual installments on March 1 each year until 2024. The bonds can be called for early redemption after March 1, 2014.

Hospital Indebtedness Obligations—On July 27, 2005, the Hospital issued \$10 million of Hospital Indebtedness Obligations to finance the cost of constructing, acquiring, and/or improving hospital facilities and equipment for the Hospital. The Obligations bear rates ranging from 3.45% to 4.1% and are payable in annual installments through July 1, 2015. The Obligations are not callable for redemption prior to their stated maturity dates. The obligations are secured by a pledge of the net income, revenues and receipts of the Hospital.

Notes Payable to Physicians—On March 1, 1999, the Hospital acquired all the membership rights of Slidell Radiation Center, a nonprofit membership corporation. The Hospital issued \$1,700,000 in notes payable which bear an annual interest rate of 7% and are payable in annual installments of principal and interest of approximately \$170,000 over a period of ten years.

Combined Debt Service Commitments—Principal and interest payments due on general obligation bonds and notes payable are as follows:

Years Ended December 31	Principal	Interest
2006	\$ 1,665,000	\$ 1,426,728
2007	1,805,000	1,385,200
2008	1,885,000	1,311,372
2009	1,965,000	1,164,190
2010	1,890,000	1,086,378
2011-2015	10,825,000	4,161,890
2016-2020	6,655,000	2,214,443
2021-2024	5,945,000	556,793
Total	\$32,635,000	\$13,306,994

8. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The Hospital and its member organizations maintained a qualified noncontributory defined contribution pension plan which provided pension benefits for eligible employees through March of 2002. Beginning in April of 2002, the Hospital began a combination deferred compensation and contributory employee savings plan for full-time employees. Each employee's interest in the existing plan is fully vested and was transferred over to the new plan. The new pension plan provides an employer match of employee contributions (up to 8%) rather than contributions based on salaries. Employees are eligible to participate at their date of hire.

Participants are immediately vested in their contributions plus actual earnings thereon. Vesting in the Hospital's contribution is based on years of service. The following vesting schedule is in effect:

Years of Vesting Service	Percent Vested
1	20 %
2	40
3	60
4	80
5	100

The total payroll for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 was \$39,942,036 and \$35,553,138, respectively. During the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Hospital and member organizations made required contributions to the Plan of \$1,042,762 and \$919,775, respectively.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Hospital is involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. Claims alleging malpractice have been asserted against the Hospital and are currently in various stages of litigation. The Hospital participates in the Louisiana Hospital Association Trust Fund ("LHA Trust Fund") and the Louisiana Patients' Compensation Fund ("Compensation Fund") for insurance coverage on medical malpractice claims. As a participant, the Hospital has a statutory limitation of liability which provides that no award can be rendered against it in excess of \$500,000, plus interest and costs. The LHA Trust Fund provides malpractice coverage for claims up to \$100,000 and the Compensation Fund provides an additional \$400,000 of coverage. These funds provide the Hospital with malpractice coverage on an occurrence basis up to the \$500,000 statutory limitation. Hospital management has no reason to believe that the Hospital will be prevented from continuing its participation in the Fund. LHA Trust Fund insures general liability up to \$1,000,000 per claim. LHA Trust Fund insures excess general liability claims in excess of \$1,000,000 but limited to \$9,000,000 per claim. At December 31, 2005, there were no malpractice accruals, and the Hospital is fully insured based on the statutory limits. Additional claims may be asserted against the Hospital arising from services provided to patients through December 31, 2005, exceeding these coverage limits. The Hospital is unable to determine the ultimate cost of the resolution of such potential claims and, accordingly, no accrual has been made for them.

The Hospital is self-insured for workers' compensation up to \$300,000 per claim, and employee health up to \$120,000 per claim. A liability is recorded when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities for claims incurred are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. The Hospital carries commercial insurance which provides coverages for workers' compensation and employee health claims in excess of the self-insured limits.

Changes in the Hospital's aggregate claims liability for workers' compensation and employee health for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, were as follows:

Years Ended December 31 2005	Beginning of Year Liability	Current-Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Balance at Year-End
2005	\$747,049	\$6,033,911	\$6,106,967	\$673,993
2004	926,979	7.478,743	7.658.403	747,049

10. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Hospital grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are local residents and are insured under third party payor agreements. The mix of receivables from patients and third party payors net of contractual allowances at December 31, 2005 and 2004, was as follows:

	2005	2004
Medicare	15 %	12 %
Medicaid	2	2
Insurance managed care	34	31
Patients	47	54
Other	2	1
Total	100 %	100 %

11. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2004	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2005
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in process	\$ 3,597,713	\$ - 1,349,805	\$ -	\$ 3,597,713 1,349,805
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,597,713	1,349,805	<u> </u>	4,947,518
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,077,870	520 107	107.707	1,077,870
Buildings	62,206,609	539,107	106,686 960,369	62,639,030 55,993,373
Equipment	47,965,563	8,988,179	900,309	
Total capital assets being depreciated	111,250,042	9,527,286	1,067,055	119,710,273
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	859,557	27,843		887,400
Buildings	33,417,909	2,616,698	40,309	35,994,298
Equipment	38,731,120	<u>3,114,685</u>	844,215	41,001,590
Total accumulated			204.504	77 000 000
depreciation	73,008,586	5,759,226	884,524	77,883,288
Capital assets being depreciated—net	38,241,456	3,768,060	182,531	41,826,985
Total	\$ 41,839,169	<u>\$5,117,865</u>	\$ 182,531	\$ 46,774,503

12. IMPACT OF HURRICANES

The 2005 hurricane season proved to be the most active in recent times and caused more disruption than ever experienced in the Greater New Orleans area.

In the third quarter of 2005, the Hospital's operations were affected by Tropical Storm Cindy (July 6, 2005), Hurricane Dennis (July 10, 2005), and Hurricane Katrina (August 29, 2005). Tropical Storm Cindy and Hurricane Katrina made direct landfall over the Hospital's service area, with Katrina causing catastrophic damage and flooding, particularly in Slidell, New Orleans, and the surrounding areas. Much of the population evacuated for Katrina, and many were not able to return during September due to the widespread devastation.

The Hospital's main campus hospital in Slidell sustained water and wind damage and curtailed operations until the damages could be mitigated and a safe environment could be established. The hurricane also disrupted patient patterns and caused an increase in indigent patients and uncompensated care.

As of December 31, 2005, the Hospital had received \$1,181,944 of proceeds from the Federal Emergency Management Authority related to expenses incurred due to the Hurricane. Also, the Hospital has business interruption coverage and is in the process of filing a claim. Amounts recoverable under business interruption insurance will be recognized as revenue as such funds are received.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Deloitte.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

To the Members of the Board of Commissioners of St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 2:

Deloitte + Touch LLP

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated 2005 and 2004 financial statements taken as a whole. The following additional information, as listed on the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic consolidated financial statements. This information is the responsibility of St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 2's management. Such information, except for the page marked "unaudited," on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

March 30, 2006

CONSOLIDATING SCHEDULE—BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

ASSETS	Consolidated	Eliminations	Slidell Memorial Hospital	Slideil Memorial Heath Foundation, Inc.	SMH Physician Practice Services, Inc.	Sildell Radiation Center, Inc.
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Patient accounts receivable—net Assets whose use is limited—required for current liabilities Inventories Intercompany receivables Prepaid expenses and other receivables	\$ 11,061,474 17,014,852 1,091,523 2,136,240 3,108,503	(6.585,187)	\$ 11,017,668 17,002,181 1,091,523 2,126,325 6,585,187 3,059,934	\$ 801 459 46.815	\$ 3,838 12,671 9,456 1,754	\$ 39,167
Total current assets	34,412,592	(6,585,187)	40,882,818	48,075	27,719	39,167
ASSETS WHOSE USE IS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED—By board or under agreements for capital improvements, by debt service, by donors and by use	14,822,035		14,787,747	34,288		
CAPITAL ASSETS: Land and improvements Buildings Equipment Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	4,675,583 62,639,030 55,993,373 1,349,805 (77,883,288)		4,675,583 62,639,030 55,738,583 1,349,805 (77,684,440)		61,790	193,000
Capital assets—net	46,774,503		46,718,561	•	21,728	34,214
OTHER ASSETS: Investment in affiliated organizations Bond issuance costs—net Total other assets TOTAL	176,079 176,079 \$ 96.185.209	(73,381)	73,381 176,079 249,460 \$ 102,638,586		\$ 48.44.7	. 73.381
		/an ala ania) a				1

SLIDELL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

CONSOLIDATING SCHEDULE—BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

SMH Physician Sidell Practice Radiation n, Services, Center, Inc.	\$ 5,893,723	5,896,340			(5,846,893) <u>73,381</u>	1) (5,846,893) 73,381	3 \$ 49,447 \$ 73,381
Sildell Memorial Health Foundation,	691,464	691,464		•	(609,101)	(101'609)	\$ 82,363
Sildeli Memorial Hospital	\$ 4,843,415 1,545,538 1,835,702 2,743,696 2,129,803 1,855,263 1,665,000	16,618,417	6,879,955	30,970,000	15,917,042 2,382,806 29,870,366	48,170,214	\$ 102,638,586
Elminations	\$ (6,585,187)	(6,585,187)			(73,381)	(73,381)	\$ (6,658,568)
Consolidated	\$ 4,843,415 1,545,538 1,835,702 2,746,313 2,129,803 1,855,263 1,665,000	16,621,034	6.879,955	30,970,000	15,917,042 2,382,806 23,414,372	41,714,220	\$ 96,185,209
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	CURRENT LIABILITIES: Trade accounts payable Intercompany payables Salaries, wages, and benefits payable Accured vacation payable Accured interest and other expenses Amounts due to third-party payors Amounts due within one year on capital lease obligations and long-term debt	Total current liabilities	CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS—Less amounts due within one year	LONG-TERM DEBT—Less amounts due within one year	NET ASSETS: Invested in capital assets—net of related debt Restricted for debt service and workers compensation Unrestricted (deficit)	Total net assets	TOTAL

SLIDELL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

CONSOLIDATING SCHEDULE—REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Slidell Radiation Center, Inc.	\$ 217	217		27,572	27,572	(27,355)		,	(27,355)	\$ 73,381
SMH Physician Practice Services, inc.	\$ 405,215	405,215	309,265 17,524 12,724 58,356	43,016 2,756	443,641	(38,426)	1,003	1,003	(37,423)	(5,809,470) \$ (5,846,893)
Stidell Memorial Health Foundation,	\$ 155,228 5,200	160,428	121,654 8,076 3,549 13,348 315		146,942	13,486	2,318	2,318	15,804	(624,905) \$ (609,101)
Slideli Memorial Hospital	\$97,057,725 2,367,730	99,425,455	39,511,117 9,011,324 21,774,378 10,309,899 6,962,970	3,905,941 5,741,687	97,217,316	2,208,139	746,600 (1,643,229) 1,552,133	655,504	2,863,643	45,306,571 \$48,170,214
Eliminations	\$ (217)	(217)		(27,572)	(27,572)	27,355			27,355	(100,736) \$ (73,381)
Consolidated	\$97,618,168	860'166'66	39,942,036 9,036,924 21,790,651 10,381,603 6,963,285	3,948,957 5,744,443	97,807,899	2,183,199	749,921 (1,643,229) 1,552,133	658,825	2,842,024	38,872,196 \$41,714,220
	REVENUE: Net patient service revenue Other revenue	Total revenue	OPERATING EXPENSES: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and materials Other direct expenses	Furchased services Depreciation and amortization	Total operating expenses	OPERATING INCOME	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest income Interest expense Property tax revenue	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS	NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)—Beginning of year NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)—End of year

Notes: The operations of Slidell Radiation Center, Inc. are included in the operating revenues and expenses of the Hospital.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION—SCHEDULES OF HOSPITAL DEPARTMENTAL GROSS MARGIN FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

		20	05			2004		
			Charges				Charges	
		Direct	Over	_		Direct	Over	_
	Charges	Operating Expenses	Direct Expenses	Gross Mergin	Charges	Operating Expenses	Direct Expenses	Grose Margin
ROUTINE SERVICES:								
Medical and surgical	\$ 25,822,120	\$ 7,996,408	\$ 17,825,712	69.0 %	\$ 23,749,390	\$ 6,975,358	\$ 16,774,032	70.6 %
Intensive and intermediate care	10,910,669	2,978,035	7,932,634	72.7	9,715,343	2,518,322	7,197,02)	74.1
Nursery and NICU	2,299,579	1,497,060	802,519	34.9	3,064,489	1,588,881	1,475,608	48.2
Long-term care	2,106,074	857,198	1,248,876	59.3	2,304,852	873,916	1,430,936	62.1
	41,138,442	13,328,701	27,809,741	67.6	38,834,074	11,956,477	26,877,597	69.2
ANCTLLARY SERVICES:								
Anesthesiology	15,965,628	4,542,664	11,422,964	71.5	14,672,925	4,270,262	10,402,663	70.9
Cardine catheterization	29,680,347	4,131,963	25,548,384	86.1	25,996,776	3,430,269	22,566,507	86.8
Cardiology	7,586,398	618,709	6,967,689	91.8	7,347,091	545,173	6,801,918	92.6
CT Scan/MRI	26,574,649	1,483,337	25,091,312	94.4	24,673,533	1,375,153	23,298,380	94.4
Central services	42,863	•	42,863	100.0	30,894		30,894	100.0
Delivery room	4,626,385	1,236,793	3,389,592	73.3	4,513,758	1,172,730	3,341,028	74.0
Emergency room	21,964,749	5,200,228	16,764,521	76.3	23,191,241	4,645,289	18,545,952	80.0
Endoscopy	9,646,291	1,971,993	7,674,298	79.6	9,102,301	1,957,342	7,144,959	78.5
Hyperbaric oxygen	351,132	57,929	293,203	B3.5	692.277	137,132	555,165	80.2
Laboratory	44,860,002	4,212,955	40,647,047	90.6	41,153,080	3,739,222	37,415,358	90.9
Nuclear medicine	6,403,185	608,497	5,794,688	90.5	6,389,071	609,114	5,779,957	90.5
Operating and recovery	60,621,639	9,299,269	51,322,370	B4.7	58,316,905	8.301.034	49,515,871	84.9
Pharmacy	50,810,684	6,915,874	43,894,810	86.4	43,987,544	6,020,193	37,967,351	86.3
Physical therapy	8,039,673	1,680,900	6,258,773	79.1	8,740,720	1,709,470	7,031,250	80.4
Radiation oncology	9,265,088	1.968,947	7,296,341	78.7	6,459,637	1,512,407	4,947,230	76.6
Radiology	11,503,166	2,250,532	9,252,634	80.4	10.254.598	2,151,063	8,113,535	79.0
Respiratory therapy	20,790,764	2,140,702	18.650.062	89.7	18,283,705	1,840,812	16,442,893	89.9
Ultrasound	3,428,050	351,946	3,076,104	89.7	3,341,307	358,519	2,982,788	89,3
	332,160,693	48,673,238	283,487,455		307,159,363	44,275,164	262,884,199	
•	373,299,135	\$ 62,001,939	311,297,196		345,993,437	\$ 56,231,641	289,761,796	
PROVISION FOR CHARITY AND								
CONTRACTUAL ALLOWANCES PROVISION FOR BAD DEBTS	(262,447,965) (13,793,440)		(262,447,965) (13,793,440)		(240,805,971) (10,267,247)		(240,805,971) (10,267,247)	
NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE	\$ 97,057,730				\$ 94,920,219			
OTHER REVENUE			3,114,330				2,482,633	
			38,170,121				51,438,458	
			30,170,121				31236235	
EXPENSES:								
General services			(6,364,920)				(6,187,795)	
Fiscal and administrative services			(23,108,770)				(23,694,757)	
Depreciation and amortization			(5,741,687)				(6,456,344)	
Interest expense			(1,643,229)				(1,986,621)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses), net			1,552,133				781,171	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPEN	ISES		\$ 2,863,648				\$ 3,626,865	

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION—SCHEDULES OF HOSPITAL PATIENT SERVICE CHARGES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

		2005			2004		Percentage of Charges to Total Department Charges	ige of o Total Charges
	Inpatient	Outpatient	Total	Inpatient	Outpatient	Total	2005	2004
ROUTINE SERVICES:								
Medical and surgical	\$ 25,138,862	\$ 683,258	\$ 25,822,120	\$ 22,910,271	\$ 839,119	\$ 23,749,390	62.8 %	61.2 %
Intensive and intermediate care	10,889,167	21,502	10,910,669	9,682,707	32,636	9,715,343	26.5	25.0
Nursery and NICU	2,299,579		2,299,579	3,064,489		3,064,489	5.6	7.9
Long-term care	2,106,074		2,106,074	2,304,852		2,304,852	5.1	5.9
	40,433,682	704,760	41,138,442	37.962,319	871,755	38,834,074	100 %	100 %
ANCILLARY SERVICES:								
Anesthesiology	11,599,225	4,366,403	15,965,628	10,419,084	4,253,841	14,672,925	4.8 %	4.8 %
Cardiac catheterization	22,782,581	6,897,766	29,680,347	21,587,851	4,408,925	25,996,776	0. 0.	8,5
Cardiology	3,733,403	3,852,995	7,586,398	3,241,597	4,105,494	7,347,091	2.3	2,4
CT Scan/MRJ	7,869,947	18,704,702	26,574,649	6,895,613	17,777,920	24,673,533	8.0	0.8
Central services	42,863		42,863	30,894		30,894	0:0	
Delivery room	3,817,380	809,005	4,626,385	3,729,569	784,189	4,513,758	4.1	1.5
Emergency room	4,699,088	17,265,661	21,964,749	5,185,066	18,006,175	23,191,241	9.9	7.6
Endoscopy	2,206,930	7,439,361	9,646,291	1,781,549	7,320,752	9,102,301	2.9	3.0
Hyperbaric oxygen	61,358	289,774	351,132	132,914	559,363	692,277	0.1	0.2
Laboratory	26,581,085	18,278,917	44,860,002	23,201,967	17,953,113	41,155,080	13.5	13,4
Nuclear medicine	2,832,110	3,571,075	6,403,185	2,667,467	3,721,604	6,389,071	1.9	2.1
Operating and recovery	38,464,107	22,157,532	60,621,639	35,382,818	22,934,087	58,316,905	18.3	19.0
Pharmacy	37,976,243	12,834,441	50,810,684	33,394,475	10,593,069	43,987,544	15.3	14.3
Physical therapy	4,594,503	3,445,170	8,039,673	4,560,450	4,180,270	8,740,720	2.4	2.8
Radiation oncology		9,265,083	9,265,083		6,459,637	6,459,637	2.8	2.1
Radiology	3,705,184	7,797,982	11,503,166	3,631,866	6,632,732	10,264,598	3.5	3.3
Respiratory therapy	17,679,021	3,111,743	20,790,764	15,522,046	2,761,659	18,283,705	63	6.0
Ultrasound	1,157,574	2,270,476	3,428,050	1,022,034	2,319,273	3,341,307	1:0	1.0
	189,802,602	142,358,086	332,160,688	172,387,260	134,772,103	307,159,363	100 %	100 %
	\$230,236,284	\$143,062,846	\$373,299,130	\$210,349,579	\$ 135,643,858	\$345,993,437		

SLIDELL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION—SCHEDULES OF HOSPITAL OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

ige of	vental 9s to enses	2004	58.3 %	21.1 13.3 7.3	8 001		96 96 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	7.7	7.7	- i	7.7.2	. 4	0.3	8.4	1.4	19.9	13.6	3.9	3,4	4.9 6.4	4.2	80	100 %
Percentage of	Departmental Expenses to Total Expenses	2002	60.0%	22.30	800		9.3 %	80 - 85 6	1.3	3.0	35	ў 4	0.1	7.8	<u></u>	1.61	14.2	3.5	4.0	4.6	4.4	0.7	100
		Totai	\$ 6,975,358	2,518,322 1,588,881 873,916	\$11,956,477		\$ 4,270,262	3,430,269	545,173	1,375,153	1,172,730	1.957.342	137,112	3,739,222	609,114	8,801,034	6,020,193	1,709,470	1,512,407	2,151,063	1,840,812	358,519	\$ 44,275,164
2004	Other	Expenses	\$ 67,801	20,481 227,997 134,131	\$ 450,410		\$2,167,216	150,625	33,447	320,921	46,392	288.217	132,469	716,752	65,132	819,322	282,041	55,001	1,144,560	283,015	259,899	25,52	\$9,119,958
20	Supplies	Materials	\$ 420,187	161,301 71,462 23,441	\$ 676,391		\$ 245,699	2,799,420	26,402	341,833	134,184	217.544	4,643	1,527,067	369,988	6,063,034	4,953,465	98,417	10,926	357,888	228,632	9,798	\$17,660,503
	Salaries, Wages	Benefits	\$ 6,487,370	2,336,540 1,289,422 716,344	\$ 10,829,676		\$ 1,857,347	480,224	485,324	712,399	992,154	1,451,581	-	1,495,403	173,994	1,918,678	784,687	1,556,052	356,921	1,510,160	1,352,281	304,076	\$ 17,494,703
		Total	\$ 7,996,408	2,978,035 1,497,060 857,198	\$13,328,701		\$ 4,542,664	4,131,963	618,709	1,483,337	1,236,793	1.971.993	57,929	4,212,955	608,497	9,299,269	6,915,874	1,680,900	1,968,947	2,250,532	2,140,702	351,946	\$48,673,238
2005	Other	Expenses	\$ 59,447	24,659 64,249 127,124	\$ 275,479		\$2,317,954	144,452	15,765	436,566	29,612	288.398	54,236	729,028	69,832	741,753	274,159	38,310	1,554,781	244,312	324,256	12,916	\$9,637,502
2	Supplies	Materials	\$ 441,037	203,430 67,255 21,798	\$ 733,520		\$ 313,669	3,431,070	24,489	336,242	4/6,021 4/14,025	185,961	3,693	1,802,550	325,258	6,521,265	5,765,908	86,803	12,613	363,588	237,041	9,725	\$19,876,619
	Salartes, Wages	Benefits	\$ 7,495,924	2,749,946 1,365,556 708,276	\$12,319,702		\$ 1,911,041	556,441	578,435	710,529	1,081,207	1,497,634		1,681,377	213,407	2,036,251	875,807	1,555,787	401,553	1,642,632	1,579,405	329,305	\$19,159,117
			ROUTINE SERVICES: Medical and surgical	Care Nursery and NICU Long-term care		ANCILLARY SERVICES:	Anesthesiology	Cardiac catheterization	Cardiology	C.I Scan/MKI	Delivery room	Endoscopy	Hyperbaric oxygen	Laboratory	Nuclear medicine	Operating and recovery	Р ћа тпасу	Physical therapy	Radiation oncology	Radiology	Respiratory therapy	Ultrasound	

(Continued)

SLIDELL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION—SCHEDULES OF HOSPITAL OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

Supples Other supples Wigger and supples Other supples Other supples Total Expenses Expenses Total Expenses Expenses Total Expenses Expenses Total Expenses Expenses Total		Selaries	36	2005		Seingles	98	2004		Percentage of	ige of
S 585,175 S 115,004 1770,479 S 1,244,818 S 671,595 S 795,477 S 1664,313 280 266 54,1,992 1,770,00 197,00 177,20 1,782,19 1,773,10 1,773,10 1,660,315 220 3.2 24 220 3.2		Wages and Benefits	Supplies and Materials	Other Direct Expenses	Total	Wages And Benefits	Supplies and Materials	Other Direct Expenses	Total	Expens Total Exp 2005	enses 2004
S	GENERAL SER VICES: Dietary Housekeeping Maintenance Security Utilnics	l		\$ 170,479 834,505 737,363 3,708 1,189,162			·			29.0 % 28.0 22.0 2.3	26.4 % 26.9 % 26.8 26.8 17.5
ATIVE 1 435.421				\$2,935,217	\$ 6,364,920			\$3,103,253	\$ 6,187,795	100 86	% 001
1,000,000 2,00	FISCAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES:										
1,433,44 10,430 381,144 1,826,334 1,109,144 1,826,334 1,109,144 1,437 1,109,864 1,433,400 1,433,400 1,433,400 1,433,400 1,433,400 1,433,400 1,433,400 1,433,400 1,433,400 1,433,400 1,433,400 1,434,537 1,463 1,463,400 1,434,537 1,463,400 1,434,537 1,463,400 1,434,537 1,463,400 1,434,537 1,434,534 1,434,134 1,434,534 1,434,134 1,434,	Accounting	-		•	•			\$ 11,741	•		8 6.1
12,019 12,019 12,433 1,022,113 396,896 18,219 2,146,346 2,461,461 4,4 10.8 10.	Admitting	692,840	10,390	381,144 72,551	779,864	532,279	21,851	361,681 233,790	1,569,460 787,920	3.4 7.5	9 6 9 9
236,002 1,607 4,163 248,827 447,157 306,425 195,01 1977 2,856 481,137 2.5 2.0 235,803 388 22,392 258,583 277,152 534 8,045 285,731 1.1 1.2 204,364 1,687 21,362 442,577 309,474 184,954 5,330 246,503 436,887 1.1 1.2 204,364 1,687 21,362 447,413 184,954 5,330 246,503 436,887 1.1 1.2 204,364 12,332 1,616,222 2409,477 779,40 1.42,77 1.42,77 1.42,77 204,364 130,437 1,016,222 839,677 25,310 104,627 969,614 4,4 4,1 204,365 1,880 136,574 1,916,222 846,003 842,895 6,676 19,545 869,116 3.7 3.7 204,364 1,880 138,780 286,039 74,988 1,116 598,858 815,776 3.8 3.4 204,135 6,206 67,958 165,299 12,433 1,972 139,114 361,519 3.1 204,135 1,042,763 1,042,763 1,042,763 1,042,763 1,042,763 1,042,763 1,042,763 1,042,763 1,042,763 1,042,763 1,042,763 1,068,656 1,068,656 1,068,656 1,068,656 1,068,656 1,011,115 1,115,901 1,115,9	Business office	827,701	12,019	182,433	1,022,153	396,896	18,219	2,146,346	2,561,461	4.4	10.8
253,003 20,004	Case management	278,057	1,607	4,163	583,827	477,164	1,077	2,896	481,137	2.5	2.0
204.364 1,687 231,362 437,413 184,954 5,530 246,503 436,987 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.0 1.0 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	Fitness Center	235,803	388	22,392	258.583	277.152	534	8.045 8.045	285.731	<u>: :</u>	- 12
Table Tabl	Human resources	204,364	1,687	231,362	437,413	184,954	5,530	246,503	436,987	1.9	6
864.235 21,480 130,537 1,016,252 839,677 25,310 104,627 969,614 4.4 4.1 ext 140,506 3,678 15,390 159,574 151,841 2,291 7,088 161,220 0.7 0.7 ext 140,506 3,678 15,390 159,574 151,841 2,291 7,088 161,220 0.7 0.7 ext 105,379 1,880 178,780 286,403 74,588 1,304 78,665 154,937 1.2 0.7 ext 105,379 1,682,283 74,898 1,304 78,665 154,937 1.2 0.7 popment 271,666 2,713 219,670 494,049 220,433 1,972 139,114 361,519 2.1 1.5 popment 91,135 6,206 67,958 165,299 73,969 12,435 41,774 128,138 0.7 0.3 s 5,260,196 2,776,23 2774,135 1,774 19,344	Information systems	766,090	12,362	1,631,035	2,409,487	729,400	9,175	1,424,719	2,163,294	10.4	5.1
140,506 3,678 15,390 159,574 151,841 2,291 7,088 161,220 0.7 0.7	Medical records	864,235	21,480	130,537	1,016,252	839,677	25,310	104,627	969,614	4.4	4.1
seat 833,748 5,515 24,740 864,003 842,895 6,676 19,545 869,116 3.7 3	Medical review services	140,506	3,678	15,390	159,574	151,841	2,291	7,088	161,220	0.7	0.7
105,379 1,880 178,780 286,039 74,968 1,304 78,665 154,937 0.0 276,105 16,692 594,139 886,936 205,557 11,161 598,858 815,576 3.8 3.4 231,580 3,869 535,562 861,011 269,283 7,498 544,929 821,710 3.7 3.5 271,666 2,713 219,670 494,049 220,433 1,972 139,114 361,519 2.1 1.5 271,666 2,713 219,670 494,049 220,433 1,972 139,114 361,519 2.1 1.5 38,166 2,713 219,670 494,049 220,433 1,972 139,114 361,519 2.1 1.5 38,166 2,713 217,652 217,65	Patient care services	833,748	5,515	24,740	864,003	842,895	9/9'9	19,545	869,116	3.7	3.7
cent 276,105 16,692 594,139 260,257 11,161 598,888 815,577 12,77 13,91 14,92 15,77 17,77 17,776 17,16,450 11,115,901 11,115,901 <t< td=""><td>and staff relations</td><td>105 170</td><td>1 890</td><td>170 700</td><td>חבט אפר</td><td>930 82</td><td>1 304</td><td>273 62</td><td>154 037</td><td>) -</td><td>,</td></t<>	and staff relations	105 170	1 890	170 700	חבט אפר	930 82	1 304	273 62	154 037) -	,
1.00	Property management	276.105	16.692	594.139	886.936	205,557	19111	508.858	815.576	4 00	, 4
271,666 2,713 219,670 494,049 220,433 1,972 139,114 361,519 2.1 1,5 a development 91,135 6,206 67,958 165,299 73,969 12,435 41,734 128,138 0.7 0.5 a gency fees 217,652 217,652 217,652 17,776 17,776 193,349 0.9 0.9 0.8 A penses 5,266,196 2,078,183 7,347,379 5,774,135 1,942,315 7,716,450 31.8 32.6 I retirement 1,042,763 207,062 207,062 207,062 207,062 207,062 207,062 1,115,901 4.5 4.7 I fees 1,068,656 1,068,656 1,068,656 1,115,901 214,315 1,115,901 4.6 4.7 S 14,689,993 5 88,165 58,330,612 523,108,770 \$13,912,962 \$ (111,115) \$59,892,910 \$223,694,757 100 \$100	Public relations	321,580	3,869	535,562	861.011	269,283	7.498	544,929	821,710	3.7	3.6
ent 91,135 6,206 67,958 165,299 73,969 12,435 41,734 128,138 0.7 0.5 2,269,196 2,078,183 7,374,135 1,942,315 1,942,315 7,716,450 31.8 32.6 1,042,763 2,078,183 7,374,135 919,777 238,845 19,374 0.1 0.1 0.1 1,042,763 207,062 207,062 207,062 207,062 1,043,773 238,845 238,845 0.9 1.0 1,068,656 1,068,656 1,068,656 1,068,656 1,011,5901 4.6 4.7 261,244 261,244 261,244 261,244 0.9 1.0 6.9 814,689,993 8,8,165 88,165 523,108,770 \$13,912,962 \$ (111,115) \$59,892,910 \$20,694,757 100 \$ 100	Purchasing	271,666	2,713	219,670	494,049	220,433	1,972	139,114	361,519	2.1	1.5
5.269,196 217,652 217,652 217,652 193,399 193,399 0.9 0.8 1.042,763 2.078,183 7,774,135 5,774,135 1,942,315 7,716,450 31.8 32.6 1.042,763 207,062 207,062 207,062 207,062 1,068,656 1,068,656 1,068,656 1,115,901 1,115,901 1,115,901 4.6 4.7 214,689,993 5 88,165 58,330,612 523,108,770 \$13,912,962 \$ (111,115) \$59,892,910 \$23,694,757 100 \$ 100	Training and development	91,135	907'9	67,958	165,299	73,969	12,435	41,734	128,138	0.7	0.5
\$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	Collection agency fees			217,652	217,652			193,399	193,399	60	8.0
ses 5.209.19b 2.078,183 7,347,379 5,774,135 1,942,315 7,716,450 31.8 32.6 1,042,763 207,062 207,062 1,068,656 1,068,656 1,068,656 261,244 261,244 261,244 261,244 261,244 261,244 261,245 214,315 214,315 214,315 1,115,901 214,315	Unrectors expenses	***************************************		17.77	17.770	1		46.91	4,54		O
207,062 207,062 1,068,656	Insurance expenses Pension and retirement	5.269,195		2,078,183	7,347,379	5,774,135		1,942,315	7,716,450	8. 8. 8. 8.	32.6
1,088,656 1,088,656 261,244 26	Postage			500 500	207.062			338 845	238 844	9 0	, c
\$14,689,993 \$ 88,165 \$8,330,612 \$523,108,770 \$13,912,962 \$ (111,115) \$9,892,910 \$223,694,757 100 % 100	Professional fees			1068 656	1 068 656			115 902	115 901	, 4). T
\$ 88,165 \$8,330,612 \$23,108,770 \$13,912,962 \$ (111,115) \$9,892,910 \$23,694,757 100 % 100	Telephone			261,244	261,244			214,315	214,315	=	0.0
		\$ 14,689,993		\$8,330,612	\$23,108,770	\$13,912,962	\$ (111,115)	\$9,892,910	\$23,694,757	100 %	% 001

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION—SCHEDULES OF HOSPITAL OTHER REVENUE FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

	2005	2004
Rental income	\$1,249,271	\$1,261,300
Cafeteria sales	375,127	294,927
Vendor discounts	47,533	47,318
Fitness center revenue	153,062	240,271
Other revenue	613,392	388,697
Loss of subsidiary	(29,406)	(27,369)
Loss on sale of assets	(41,249)	(61,577)
Total	<u>\$2,367,730</u>	\$2,143,567

SLIDELL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION—SCHEDULE OF HOSPITAL CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		AS	Assets			Accumulated Depreciation	Depreciation	
	January 1, 2005	Additions	Transfers and Deductions	December 31, 2005	January 1, 2005	Additions	Transfers and Deductions	December 31, 2005
Land	\$ 3,597,713	, \$	• •	\$ 3,597,713	, **	· \$	• 69	49
Land improvements	1,077,870			1,077,870	859,557	27,843		887,400
Buildings	62,206,609	539,107	106,686	62,639,030	33,417,909	2,616,698	40,309	35,994,298
Equipment	47,726,853	8,972,099	960,369	55,738,583	38,562,600	3,084,357	844,215	40,802,742
Construction in process		1,349,805		1,349,805				
	\$ 114,609,045	\$ 10,861,011	\$1,067,055	\$ 124,403,001	\$ 72,840,066	\$5,728,898	\$ 884,524	\$77,684,440

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION—SCHEDULES OF HOSPITAL STATISTICS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

	2005	2004
Average census (patients)	108	106
Percentage of occupancy (based on 173 beds)	62.6 <i>%</i>	61.3 %
Average length of stay (acute care patients)	4.5	4.4
Patient days:		
Routine	31,520	30,314
ICU	4,427	4,247
NICU	766	941
Rehabilitation	2,823	3,281
	39,536	38,783
Adjusted patient admissions (*)	14,474	13,872
Adjusted patient days (*)	68,544	63,918
Total number of admissions	8,379	8,406
Total number of admissions (acute care only)	8,171	8,116
Total number of discharges	8,462	8,494
Patient mix based on charges:		
Medicare	40.2 %	38.8 %
Medicaid	7.2 %	9.9 %
Commercial insurance	2.7 %	2.3 %
Managed care	42.7 %	43.0 %
Private pay and other	7.2 %	6.0 %
Total surgical procedures:		
Inpatient	1,831	1,760
Outpatient	2,518	2,661
	4,349	4,421
Emergency visits	24,787	24,835
Full-time equivalents at year end	823.6	764.4

^(*) Inpatient days increased for equivalent outpatient volume.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED UPON THE AUDIT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Commissioners St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 2 Slidell, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 2 (d/b/a Slidell Memorial Hospital) (the "Hospital"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hospital's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, management, and the State of Louisiana Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Deloitte + Touche LLP

March 30, 2006

Slidell Memorial Hospital

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Award for the Year Ended December 31, 2005 and Independent Auditors' Report

Deloitte.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Members of the Board of Commissioners of St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 2

COMPLIANCE

We have audited the compliance of St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 2 (d/b/a Slidell Memorial Hospital) (the "Hospital") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2005. The Hospital's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the Hospital's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Hospital's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Hospital's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Hospital's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Hospital complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2005. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements, which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 05-1.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

The management of the Hospital is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Hospital's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over

compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the entity's internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined below. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 05-1 to be a significant deficiency.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We did not consider any of the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs to be material weaknesses.

The Hospital's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Hospital's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Hospital as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2006. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This schedule is the responsibility of the management of the Hospital. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Board of Commissioners, management, and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Duloitle & Touche LLP

September 30, 2007

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARD FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Description	CFDA Number	Federal Expenditure
Department of Homeland Security — Public Assistance Grants — passed through the State of Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness	97.036	\$ 2,375,072
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARD		\$ 2,375,072

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal award.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARD YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal award includes the federal grant activity of St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 2 (d/b/a Slidell Memorial Hospital) (the "Hospital") and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Grant revenues are recorded for financial reporting purposes when the Hospital has met the qualifications for the respective grants.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Part I - Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The independent auditors' report on the financial statements expressed an unqualified opinion.
- 2. No significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements which were required to be reported.
- 3. No instance of noncompliance considered material to the financial statements was disclosed by the audit.
- 4. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with requirements applicable to major federal awards programs was identified, which was not considered to be a material weakness.
- 5. The independent auditors' report on compliance with requirements applicable to major federal award programs expressed an unqualified opinion.
- 6. The audit disclosed a finding required to be reported by OMB Circular A-133.
- 7. The Hospital's major program for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 is as follows:

CFDA Number

Name of Federal Program

97.036

Department of Homeland Security—Public Assistance Grants

- 8. A threshold of \$300,000 was used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as those terms are defined in OMB Circular A-133.
- 9. The Hospital did not qualify as a low-risk auditee as that term is defined in OMB Circular A-133.

Part II — Financial Statement Findings Section

There were no findings related to the financial statements requiring disclosure for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Part III — Federal Award Findings and Questioned Cost Section

Finding 05-1

- Federal Program Department of Homeland Security, Public Assistance Grants, passed through
 the State of Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness, CFDA
 No. 97.036
- Specific requirement Sections 300 and 320 of OMB Circular A-133, state that the audited schedule of federal expenditures and data collection form must be submitted to the cognizant or oversight agency within the earlier of 30 days after receipt of the auditors' report or nine months after the end of the audit period unless agreed to in advance by the cognizant agency.
- Condition The required documents were not submitted by the specified deadline, and prior approval for the oversight agency was not obtained.
- Recommendation The Hospital should ensure that the audits required by Sections 300 and 320 of OMB Circular A-133 are properly performed and submitted when due. Additionally, when federal grant monies are received in the future, the Hospital should monitor compliance with the provisions of OMB Circular A-133.
- Management Response and Corrective Action Plan It was management's belief that an audit
 performed in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 of such funds related to this grant was not
 required. All submissions will be completed during 2007 and compliance requirements will be
 monitored in the future. (Contact Mr. Bill Davis, Chief Financial Officer, 985-649-8504)